





















# The Constitution:

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ATLANTA, OCTOBER 28, 1884.

Indications for the South Atlantic states at 1 a. m.: local rains, partly cloudy weather followed by clearing weather, variable winds, nearly stationary temperature.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR will leave the capital to-day for the purpose of casting his vote in the presidential election. It is important that he should take his latest state papers along with him so as to make a proper appearance at the ballot box.

The report of the director of the mints shows that there is money enough somewhere in the country, even if particular individuals do not get possession of it. Over \$50,000,000 of new gold and silver was added to the product of the country during the year, and over \$20,000,000 of the precious metals were used for purposes of use and ornamentation.

THE CONSTITUTION presents to its readers this morning messages from nearly all the candidates in the field. The magnificent demonstration in Newark to Governor Cleveland was a deserved tribute to the man and the cause. In Evansville, ex-Governor Hendricks continued his exhortation to all patriots to turn the scales out. Mr. Blaine renounces his petting for votes in New York. Senator Logan writes a letter to some bogus Virginians who were anxious to hear his brag. General Butler makes a denial of the charge that he had made a bargain with Chandler. The democratic national committee also makes a very opportune address to the people.

In 1868 James G. Blaine spoke at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn on the national issue of the then pending presidential campaign. Among other things Mr. Blaine said:

"If we needed any excuse for an additional word on this issue it may be found in the fact that the extraordinary spectacle presented at this moment before the American people when the candidate of the democratic party, in wild delirium at the result of the state election, is travelling through the country on express trains at the rate of thirty miles an hour, with dishevelled hair and wild countenance, engaged in the hopeless task of reviving the impaired constitution of the renegade party."

A presidential candidate of the day a fool of himself at the rate of thirty miles an hour is quite enough.

The great improvements in railroad transportation since then, now allows Mr. Blaine to show what a fool he can make of himself at the rate of fifty miles an hour. Every time Mr. Blaine opens his mouth he puts his foot in it.

THE DEMOCRATIC SITUATION.

It is equally fortunate for the hopeful, the anxious and the doubters of both parties that it is not necessary to hunt over the entire country in order to discover the political situation. The presidential election will be decided by the result in four states, namely, New York, Indiana, Connecticut and New Jersey.

With respect to New York, it is almost certain that Cleveland will carry the state by a large majority. The attitude of the republican committee is a tacit admission that its campaign in that state is a hopeless one, for it is concentrating the most of its material and all of its most experienced managers in Indiana and New Jersey. There have been two entirely distinct campaigns made in New York state in behalf of the democratic candidate—one by the democrats themselves and the other by the independent republicans.

Of the two it is probable that the campaign of the independent republicans has been the most thorough, as, indeed, it was necessary it should be. The work of these allies of the democracy has, in the nature of things, taken the shape of a personal canvass of every part of the state. The organization effected by the committee is complete, and thirty clerks are kept constantly employed attending to the correspondence alone.

It is said that more than eighty thousand New York republicans have pledged themselves not to vote for Blaine, and outside of the cities of New York and Brooklyn, the republican defection comprises the names of sixty thousand voters who have heretofore supported the republican ticket. In other words, as the boys say, the names of enough republicans who will support Cleveland to offset the defection of Tammany.

These figures are not estimates, but are the result of a personal canvass instituted by the independent republicans. The prospect, therefore, is that Cleveland will carry the state of New York by a majority in keeping with that by which he was elected governor. The extent of the Butler movement is not known, but it is generally thought that any democratic support of this arch demagogue and blackguard will be more than offset by the prohibition vote.

Indiana is somewhat of a doubtful state, but the democrats who have the management of affairs there have made a thorough canvass, and are in a very enthusiastic state of mind. Mr. Hendricks has made a gallant fight, and in the evidence of his influence and personal popularity have never had a more gratifying manifestation than during the present campaign. The republicans are making a desperate effort to carry the state, and such work as they are engaged in must tell, but those who are thoroughly informed declare that Indiana will give a satisfactory democratic majority next Tuesday.

In Connecticut, the independent republicans have made a complete canvass, and there seems no reason to doubt that the state will go democratic by a majority sufficiently large to serve as a rebuke to the campaign of the demagogues. As to New Jersey, Governor

or Abbot telegraphs to the democratic committee that it is certain as Kentucky. This, then is the outlook. Meanwhile, the democratic and independent campaigns will proceed as they have begun, and it is well that they should. Turn the scales out.

## TURN THE SCALES OUT.

Notwithstanding the fact that their party is engaged in a desperate effort to retain the confidence of the ignorant and unsuspecting voters of the country, the republican officials in and about Washington are robbing and plundering the people just as they have been doing for the past twenty years. Indeed, it may be that, fearing they are to be turned out, they are redoubling their efforts in the direction of plundering the government. It is impossible to say, however, whether the system of robbery that has been put in operation by the republicans is as yet pushed to its limit, but that it is in full operation, we have the word of Mr. J. J. Barker, who, until recently, held a clerkship in the office of the first comptroller of the treasury department.

Some time ago Barker resigned his clerkship, and his reasons for taking that step he now discloses in an open letter written to the president of the United States. It is well, perhaps, that the letter is an open one. The president is now supposed to be boarding with old man Whatishisname, in the state of New Jersey, and it would be difficult to get the letter to him by letter.

Barker declares that he resigned his place in the treasury department for the simple reason that he declined to be a party to the deliberate and systematic frauds that are daily perpetrated through the first comptroller's office of the treasury department. In support of this accusation, he challenges the production of the records in the first comptroller's office to dispute a single charge he makes. Thereupon Barker proceeds to give instances of "wrongful extortion" (departmental language for robbery) of the public funds and he asserts that he is prepared to give multiplied examples of the same sort.

He charges that United States attorneys present false bills to the department and that these bills are allowed after their falsity has been shown to the first comptroller. Barker then cites the case of William A. Stone, United States attorney for the western district of Pennsylvania, and says that Stone's charges in his account for 1883 were manifestly illegal. Barker called the attention of the first comptroller to the illegality, and the latter, in the presence of witnesses, admitted that the claim was illegal and should not be allowed. The first comptroller then sent for R. M. Reynolds, the first auditor, in whose office the account had been audited, and severely censured him for not disallowing the illegal account.

Barker charges that the documents printed only begin to show the enormous sums that were paid out in the so-called star-route list, and he further charges that the sum of \$14,000 shown to have been wrongfully expended by the senate documents, bears two false statements made by the first comptroller. That official says the account was settled in his office, was settled without being called to his attention or to the attention of the chief of the division; but Barker declared that he took the account to the first comptroller and pointed out its illegality before it was allowed, and he charges furthermore, that after the allowance of this \$14,000, the chief of the judiciary division, through whose hands the bill passed, denied having passed it within six days of its allowance.

Barker makes other charges equally as important, which it is not necessary to present here. Taken together, they go to show that the republican party, through its officials, is engaged in systematically robbing the people. His letter is significant as giving additional emphasis to the democratic campaign cry of "Turn the scales out!"

## THE BUSINESSMEN RISING UP.

There is nothing that better discloses the nature of this campaign than the division that has taken place among the business men of the country. Men who have for years practiced the watering of stocks, the swindling of stockholders, and the wrecking of banks and trusts—all such men are for Blaine, beginning with Seney and Fish and winding up with Jay Gould, Dillon, Hunt, Ingleton, Sage and Cyrus Field. These men are speculators or monopolists, and they find in James G. Blaine a man after their own fashion. They know he has never in the course of a long public career voted against privilege and monopoly. If the monopolists wanted more land, more exemption from contract, more privileges of any kind, they always found him ready and willing. So to a man the adventurers and speculators and monopolists are standing up to him.

But on the other hand there is an astonishing movement of men engaged in legitimate business towards Cleveland. This movement springs up in all branches of business. "The dry goods people are vying with the men who deal in produce, oil, cotton and other products of the earth. It is not too much to say that three-fourths of the genuine business men in the middle and eastern states are today in favor of the election of Cleveland. Supporters of Blaine are rare in any of the great financial and commercial exchanges, and all through the land solid men are coming over—men like John M. Forbes, of Boston, Jacob L. Greene, of Hartford, and Dudley Otis, of Albany.

This movement of business men and substantial capitalists is really the most remarkable feature of the campaign. Heretofore such men have dreaded a change in administration, but now they think a change is essential to honest government. They do not care to tell their clerks and the young men of the country that a crooked career is no bar to public preference. Nor do they want to perpetuate the reign of dishonesty in public life by conferring upon the tattooed candidate the highest honor of the country. Such a course would put a premium upon lying, venality, corruption and dishonesty in public life, and lead to demoralization in business circles. The real business men, thinking less perhaps of themselves than of their children and their country, are not ready to endorse such a policy, and they are absolutely giving over to Cleveland and honest government in droves. Nothing like it has ever been witnessed in this country, so far as the cities are concerned; and if there was time in which to let the leaves turn outside of the cities the tainted and tattooed candidate would scarcely get a vote from the ranks of the real business men of the country.

## ENGLAND'S PARLIAMENTARY CONTEST.

Parliament is in session, and the prospect of an exciting and eventful contest was never better in Great Britain. Mr. Gladstone proceeds to give the ballot to about two million of farm laborers. The marquis of Salisbury, acting as the leader of the Tories, has no objection to an extension of the right of suffrage in the country districts provided he can have a voice in the gerrymander that is involved in such a step. Mr. Gladstone says the house of lords must first accept the franchise bill, and then it may consider the distribution bill which will bring in. The cabinet, inspired no doubt by the growing strength of the radicals whom Mr. Chamberlain leads, covets a whip, and the Tories have decided not to ask for quarters, although the issue involves the power, if not the very existence, of the house of lords. All over the kingdom the demand has been, let the house of lords be wiped out. Let the five hundred families that stand in the way of happiness and progress affecting millions of people, be cut down and off. The issue is a momentous one.

The Tories oppose the franchise bill, taking all the risks involved, because its passage, together with the distribution bill prepared by the government, would practically destroy their power. The exact terms of the distribution bill are not known, but it undoubtedly disfranchises all English boroughs having less than 10,000 inhabitants; it redistributes the Irish seats in the Parnell interest, and the seats gained are to be given to the large towns that the radicals either control or expect to control. England is to have six more members, and Scotland ten more. The landed interests, whether whig or conservative, would, under such a bill, be at the mercy of the radicals. The plan is an approach to representation based on population, and is of course a step justice, and the Tories claim that representation should be in the future as in the past respect classes, and they propose to make a stand regardless of consequences.

If the house of lords again reject the suffrage bill, there will be hot work in the elections when an appeal is taken to the country. The result of such an appeal can scarcely be considered doubtful. Mr. Gladstone would be sustained, and with the decision would favor a change in the powers of the house of lords that the government would not, even if disinclined, be able to disregard it. If the veto power of the hereditary house should be taken away, England would be very near the line of republicanism—so near that one more step, and that not a long one, would place her alongside the countries on either hand. She will get the same or less, though much agitation, but probably without bloodshed, for her people have a great deal of political sense. They move slowly but very sure.

It is now stated that bread pudding is poisonous. Various republican editors, however, appear to thrive on it, and would be promptly furnished with bread pudding.

It is evident that the republicans have given up all idea of carrying New York, and are turning their attention to Indiana.

In the German republicans of Ohio vote for Blaine in November, and the democrats of that state should stand aside long enough to allow the republicans to spike the bugles of the bee legs.

The lawyers in several southern cities are complaining of dull times. This condition of things is attributed to various causes, but the main cause is to be found in the fact that the supply of lawyers is far greater than the demand. The same complaint comes from Philadelphia. In that city, it is alleged, 1,200 lawyers, or about one to every 120 of the adult population. Modern business methods require fewer lawyers than were before needed, but the supply has gone on increasing in an inveterate to the necessity for them. Out of the 1,200 lawyers in Philadelphia the Times says that not more than five clear \$10,000 and upwards a year; not more than thirty \$10,000 and upwards; not more than one hundred \$5,000 and upwards, and probably not more than one thousand of the whole number average \$300 a year each from legitimate fees. It follows that many lawyers must be reduced to starvation point or they will starve to death.

It is a pity that the business men of the country should be so much interested in the fortunes of lawyers. It is a pity that any good mechanic can earn a larger income than is earned by half of the lawyers in the country, and that more than one of the lawyers should be so much interested in the fortunes of lawyers. On the one side there is the weak prospect of disappointed ambition, and on the other a decent living and a competency.

Why should democrats stand between German republicans and the purposes of republican prohibitionists?

BROTHER BRECHER is a fighter. He knows the weak spots of the republican party, and he hits them with his pen. He writes a staunch republican contemporary.

What lover of spring poetry can be made to believe that Joachim Miller's name is C. Hiner Miller?

JOACHIM MILLER has discovered in New Orleans a city not far from the Mexican border, which is built below the levels of the river. The wells are dug above the ground. The graves are built on top of the earth. New Orleans reminds the poet correspondent of a very pretty girl with a smugged face, a pretty old maid, and a girl who knows a tremendous lot. There is in this queer old city, it passes over the hickneyed slights written up by other correspondents, and tells us of other curiosities. The bugs were in reversion to him. At night he went in bathing at the foot of Canal street, and when he came out he saw a lot of jet-black bugs, as big as mice, sitting on the edge of the wharf. One of these bugs stood up on his hind legs and looked the poet squarely in the eye. He had a mustache like the king of Italy. Joey looked at the frightful object and fled precipitately.

EVAN OLD MEN EVARTS is waving the bloody shirt. He has had one of his sentences cut bias and painted it with pockmarks.

The stalwart republicans of Oneida county, in the state of New York, have pledged themselves to the election of Blaine. It is said that Steve Elkins smiled bitterly when he heard this.

THE NEW YORK Star hints that Tammany proposes to knife the democratic party in New York, but the Star's Uncle John Kelly says not.

DIME novel reading continues to bear its fruits. In Philadelphia, the other day, two seventeen year-old boys met and held a friendly conversation. The result of the conversation was the killing of one of the boys by the other. It seems that the two boys were not essentially bad, but they had been reading dime novels and their tastes had become depraved. After finishing "Finger Dick," the boys decided that it would be a heroic thing to do together. It was agreed that one should shoot the other and then kill himself. The first part of the tragedy was carried out, and the murderer fired a bullet into his own brain. The affair must be charged to the account of flash literature.

THE Indiana republicans, regardless of the fact that high officials continue to rob the treasury, are begging for money. The Indiana democrats have little money, but Mr. Hendricks is on the ground.

Most people in this country pronounce the word "been" to rhyme with "sin" or "din." In England, Scotland, Ireland, Canada, Australia, New South Wales, and South Africa, however, the word is pronounced "been" or "between." Where did the Americans get their pronunciation of this word? A traveler who has been looking into the matter has discovered that the word is pronounced "been" in Lincolnshire, England, and the old local usage has not been driven out to this day. It is said that many of the Lincolnshire provincials were transported to this country, where they took root and flourished.

EVERY year New Jersey suffers from forest fires, but the conflagration this year cover a wider area than ever before known. The losses already aggregate \$250,000 and the flames are still raging. The inhabitants of scores of towns and villages have abandoned their usual occupations, and are engaged in fighting the fire. This year, however, the conflict of thousands of men, women and children with fire is a terrible thing. The fire fighters are armed with spades and shovels with which they cover the edges of the fire with sand. Sometimes counter fires are started. Among the fire fighters, the other day, was noted a handsome young woman, a resident of the town of Fairport, New York, who was fighting bravely by her brother's side. She was the daughter of the landowner and looked up a veritable heroine.

We hear that there is a witch in Africa. This is a matter that should attract the attention of our republican friends.

A MAN named Woodford has undertaken to reply to Beecher's arraignment of Brother Blaine. Woodford appears to be a namesake of the racing mare.

MR. BLAINE'S gang have opened their eyes to the fact that Mr. Hendricks means business, and they have shipped a lot of booze, including Dudley, to Indiana.

THE people in our small towns and country districts ought to do more for their intellectual culture. In every village during the winter season their should be a lecture, and debates, recitations and lectures should run through the entire season. The programme could be carried out by concert and amateur dramatic exhibitions. In every country neighborhood there is enough native talent to make the establishment of a lyceum practicable. Every country school should be given the opportunity to attend a liberal education. Latent talent would be developed, young men would find out the extent and tendency of their gifts, valuable information would be put into circulation, the intellect of the community would be quickened and the general standard of culture would be perceptibly elevated. The moral influence of the entertainments suggested would be a powerful factor in the general progress of the community. In fact it is impossible to say too much in favor of country lyceum system.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

Only five states now have annual sessions of their legislature.

MR. McDONALD, of Indiana, is working like a horse for the success of the democratic ticket.

THE Philadelphia Times thinks Mr. Cleveland will carry New Jersey by from 5,000 to 10,000.

THE Rev. Dr. G. L. Walker, of Hartford, is the latest Connecticut clergyman to declare against Blaine.

THE voting strength of independent of the state of New York is computed at \$5,000 and still growing.

W. H. CRAWFORD, secretary of the treasury in 1820, was the first official to appoint female clerks in Washington. His clerk was his daughter.

THE salary of the postmaster of Savannah is \$3,200, and his commission expires during the next session of congress, together with about 150 more.

CLARENCE W. BOWEN, son of the editor of the western New York conference one hundred and thirty-seven have signed a St. John and Daniel manifesto.

JUDAS MATTHEW HALK, one of the prominent and popular citizens and republicans of Albany, has declared against Blaine and given Cleveland an endorsement that will be worth many votes to him.

GOVERNOR ST. JOHN shows that he understands strategy, too. By concentrating his strength in New York he expects to contribute to the defeat of the knight of the white feather by polling 60,000 votes for prohibition.

S. L. M. BAYLOR, of New York, writes to John G. Priest, of St. Louis: "On the national ticket there will be perfect unanimity in New York city, and we will give Cleveland a majority of 40,000 to 50,000 votes."

THE Passage (N. Y.) Daily Times has hauled down the Blaine and Logan ticket from the head of its columns and has set out solidly for Cleveland and Hendricks. The Times is edited by Mr. J. P. Morris, and has hitherto been a staunch republican paper.

SENATOR FAIR, of Nevada, was in Washington on Thursday. He has just returned from Europe, and leaves to-night for his home, where he will probably take part in the campaign. He says he has not been able to learn anything about home affairs since he left.

FITCHBURG, Mass., is one of the places which the Blaine politicians have confidently asserted were entirely free from boilers. The Blaine ticket, and they were accordingly much pleased at the opportunity of Saturday of a call by fifty-one citizens of that city, for anti-Blaine meeting.

THE Rev. James Freeman Clarke's mainly reply to the seven New England clergymen, concerning the exploded charges against Governor Cleveland, in which he clearly shows that not a word of proof of the accusations has been produced after all the vapors of the accusers, has had a salutary effect in shaming up the mud mills.

EX-MAYOR CHARLES SIEDLER, of Jersey City, has, through a life-long republican, deserted Blaine and declared for Cleveland. Mr. Siedler was induced to embark in the Hocking Valley enterprise upon representation that James G. Blaine, Jay Gould, W. Walter Phelps, and others of large means and influence were interested in the undertaking.

This is a pretty rough-and-tumble campaign for the candidates. Cleveland has been assailed by a crank, Blaine has been dumped into a ditch by a railroad accident, Blaine has met some more enthusiastic and respectful, Logan has been "assaulted" and narrowly escaped the malice of a train wrecker, and Butler has been hoisted and ejected. Dignity seems to be at a discount.

CONGRESSMEN voted for Mr. Tilden in 1876. The most intelligent opinion is that it will vote for Governor Cleveland in November. Governor Tilden, democratic candidate for re-election, was the most popular man in the state. He is one of the most enthusiastic Cleveland and Hendricks men in the north. He has been a member of the national campaign for democratic success. The independent vote in the movement in the state is strong and well defined. These are the reasons why democrats claim Connecticut.

The chairman of the Ohio democratic committee writes here that it is not his intention that in that state in November will be three or four times larger than on the 14th inst. If this calculation shall turn out to be correct it certainly puts Ohio in the list of doubtful states. A letter from Senator Gorman has been received by the committee in which Mr. Gorman congratulates them on their good work and says the national committee had no expectation of carrying Ohio.

## PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

MR. BLAINE is six years older than Governor Cleveland, has not so much to do.

SOME New York ladies hire their diamonds for one consecutive evening only.

C. P. HUNTINGTON thinks that business is getting on a solid basis, and the outlook is more favorable.

HENRY GEORGE ought to come to Atlanta. The soil is public property here. It is blown in everybody's eyes all over town.

REV. DR. HAMMOND, a Boston divine, says the most dangerous and seductive weapon a young man can carry is a latch key. How does he know?

JUDAS E. K. WILSON, of Maryland, intends to send in his resignation as judge after the November term of court in Baltimore, or "Dorset," as the folks down there say. Mr. Wilson will succeed Mr. Groom in the United States senate.

DUKE GWYN, ex-United States senator and now a man of venerable appearance, is in Washington. It is said that he is the agent of M. D. Lesseps and that his business at the capital is to keep an eye on persons who seek government aid for the Suez canal. Duke Gwyn is a native of New Jersey.

THE death of Wormley, of Washington, is a revival of recollections of some of the big bills for dinners in his restaurant—thus, only last winter, Justice Gray and nineteen more were entertained by Mr. Wormley at a table of six, including wine, and \$500 extra for flowers.

POOT TENNYSON is having all sorts of trouble with his penic. At the outset he lost his robes when he went to qualify in the house of lords, and he has lost his registration as a resident voter at Farringford, Freshwater, because he has become a baron with titular residence somewhere else.

MRS. MARY BLACKMAN MORRIS, sister of the Kentucky Blackbarns, and a noted woman, has just died at Louisville. Her husband was a prominent lawyer and judge at Chicago, and Mrs. Morris used frequently to aid southern prisoners to escape from Camp Douglas. Since the war she has been prominent in charitable work and the establishment of Sunday schools in the penitentiary of Kentucky.

Two of the present governors of the south began life on their own account as clerks on Mississippi river steamboats. Governor Cameron, of Virginia, was second clerk on the steamer William Morrison, in the latter part of the fifties, when Mr. Blair was a clerk on the same boat, and Governor William H. Tate, of Tennessee, was for several years second clerk on boats running between Nashville and New Orleans.

## IN GENERAL.

New York merchants still complain of dull trade.

The largest prune orchard in the world is near Santa Clara county, Cal. It contains sixteen thousand trees, and recently sold for \$72,000.

MR. CASE has sent Jay-Eye-See to Lexington, Kentucky, which is honored also in the person of Mr. Homer's exquisite bundle of quinine nerve and muscle, Mand S.

THE great cause should be taken by the public not to confound the Coaching and the Coachmen's clubs. While the former is made up of gentlemen and gentlemen's sons, in the latter neither of these conditions is observed, only gentlemen's sons-in-law being admitted.

THERE is no little idle talk in eastern newspapers about the tardiness of the wheat movement, but the exports in July, August and September were 45,000,000 bushels, a fair average on a maximum annual export. It is at the rate of 180,000,000 bushels per annum.

FRANCIS states that \$300,000 is the correct value of the gold and silver in the hands of the government in America, under the joint management of Messrs. Abney and Grant. This is a great improvement on the financial results of a first year, when the great tragedienne took back only \$400,000.

The gold production of the United States has steadily declined from \$45,000,000 in 1877 to \$28,000,000 in 1883. This is just about equal to the Australian output, which has varied little in the past few years. The yield of the Russian mines is slowly declining. The only countries that are increasing their gold yield are Colorado and Venezuela. A single mine in the latter country turned out half a million dollars worth of gold last year.

The outlook for the orange crop in Florida this year is splendid. The reports from all parts of the state are not in, but all those heard from report splendid prospects for a large crop. The orange season is bearing heavily, some of the trees of the year are bearing more heavily than the number of young groves just coming into bearing helps to swell the total. Florida and her fruits are beginning to occupy the place they deserve, and especially in the matter of becoming an industry of mammoth proportions.

In Fennos there is not much sickness, but when it comes it is a very serious matter, and let him down again quickly. This generally kills or cures him, and if the former, his death is celebrated by a general spree. At twenty-one a young man is provided with a wife, but until the age of forty he must not visit her openly. He may so visit, however, and if he does not like her he can get a divorce in about ten minutes. After one marries four or five times a man is born before the mother has reached thirty-seven years in any case permitted to live.

REVISOR OF THE PEOPLE.

Revised Old Testament.

J. B. C. O'Connell, A. G. How the revisers finished their work on the Old Testament will be published shortly.

Age of the Democratic Party.

Subscriber, Greenville, S. C.: How long has the democratic party been known as such?

Since about 1825. Before that time it was called the republican party. Thomas Jefferson was such a republican, i. e. democratic.

Majority and Plurality.

Young Reader, Decatur, Ga.: How are the terms "majority" and "plurality" used when speaking of the result of an election?

A candidate has a majority when he receives more than half of the votes cast. When he has not a majority it is inferred that his vote falls short of a majority. Thus, in Ohio, Robinson, republican, has 11,000 plurality over Newman, democrat, but falls 1,000 short of a majority.

THE MINE.

Subscriber, Birmingham, Ala.: Is Mr. Robert P. Porter correct in his statement that the only tin mine in the world in this country is in the Black Hills of Dakota?

No. Passing over the tin deposits of New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Virginia, as of small importance, we come to two rich mines in the south, one in West Virginia, and the other in Cleveland county, North Carolina. These two mines are extensive and yield the finest tin.

A Tax Matter.

A. L. H., Atlanta, Ga.: If a taxpayer gives in his taxes and the receiver fails to enter the name, and turns over his books to the proper officer, how will the money get into the state and county treasuries, if the taxpayer pays his tax?

It will be paid over by the tax collector, and properly accounted for.

## A SUNDAY SCULL RACE.

TEEMER and Gaudaur Make a Tie Race at St. Louis, October 27.—The single scull race between Teemer and Gaudaur, for \$300 a side, three miles with a turn, Teemer to give Gaudaur five seconds start, was rowed at Creve Coeur lake, near this city, Sunday afternoon. The rain fell steadily the day, and until half an hour prior to the race. The attendance was small. The start was made at 4:30 p. m., Gaudaur pulling away with 37 strong strokes, and was leading 2 1/2 lengths when Teemer started five seconds late. Gaudaur maintained this lead about a mile, when Teemer started again and gained on him. Gaudaur turned a quarter gained on him, and the best length. Gaudaur then pulled and drew up a mile from home, the struggle was very keen, and neither was able to get away from the other or gain the lead of even a foot, and the finish was close. The race ended with Gaudaur winning by a narrow margin. Teemer and Gaudaur were both rowed over the line, and the race was a tie.

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**BUSINESS.**  
**& WHITE,**  
ded to close their business

beginning November 1st,  
A Superb Stock of Goods,  
you will get them!  
us must be paid.

**HROP & WHITE.**

**WATCHES**  
**DIAMONDS,**  
**JEWELRY,**  
**STERLING**

**SILVERWARE,**  
**ART GOODS**  
—AND—  
**ARTICLES OF VIRTU.**  
Watch and Jewelry repairing a specialty.  
**Freeman & Crankshaw.**  
31 WHITEHALL ST.  
5na  
**A. B. ANDREWS**

IS NOW OFFERING HE

**Most Select Stock**

—OF—

**MEN'S AND YOUTH'S**

**CLOTHING**

Ever shown in this market.

**NOTHING BUT**

First class. Well Made

First-class, well Made  
—AND—  
Perfect-Fitting Clothing.  
SUITS MADE TO ORDER.  
A. B. ANDREWS,  
NO. 18 WHITEHALL STREET,  
ATLANTA, GA.  
NEW FALL MILLINERY

**MY STOCK OF MILLINERY AND FANCY**  
goods is now complete, consisting of the latest styles of Hats, and Bonnets, Birds, Plumes and Tips. Velvets in all the shades, Children's school and dress hats in great variety. Also, Baby Caps, Hair Braids, Wigs, Bangs, etc., etc. Call and see my beautiful new goods.

MISS MARY RYAN,  
acoeip 5p 45Whitehall Street.

**The Best School in the State.**  
The Cheapest School in the State.

Tuition is only **TWELVE** dollars per year at  
Corden Institute

--Gordon Institute,--  
BARNESVILLE PAYS THE BALANCE.

OVER TWO HUNDRED PUPILS IN ATTEND-  
ance. Room for one hundred more. None  
out the best teachers employed. The leading edu-  
cators indorse the school in the highest terms.  
Send for catalogue.

CHAS. E. LAMBDIN, President,  
Barnesville, Ga.

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**NOTICE**

**I**S HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION  
will be made to the next legislature for charter

will be made to the next regisrature for election  
for the Grand Lodge of (the original order, of  
Artifcers, tu lawk 4 we.

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**NOTICE.**

I HAVE ON HAND AND AM CONSTANTLY  
receiving, the best makes and latest styles of  
shoes, boots, hats and caps and gentis furnishing  
goods, and invite the patronage of my friends and  
the public generally. I warrant every article i  
sell, to please. Respectfully,  
JOSEPH H. JOHNSON,  
No. 3 Whitehall,

# REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED MY OFFICE FROM COR-  
ner Alabama and Pryor streets to Constitution  
building, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets—  
second floor.

WM. PERRIN NICOLSON, M. D.

**EUGENE S. ASHTON,**  
(Pupil of Cincinnati Conservatory of Music.)

**IS PREPARED TO GIVE A THOROUGH COURSE**  
in Elocution, Gestures and Dramatic Expression  
to a limited number of pupils.

For information in regard to time, apply at 72  
Wheat street.

# DIAMONDS

**FINE JEWELRY**

**SOLID SILVER**  
**BRIDAL PRESENTS.**  
**LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST STYLES**  
*and Lowest Prices.*  
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

**J. P. STEVENS & CO.,**  
FACTORY & SALESROOM,  
**ATLANTA, GA.**

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[illegible]













**Lyett's Art School & China Decorating Works**  
67 1/2 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

Instruction in all branches of decorative art, painting and gilding china for amateurs or specialty. The best assortment of artist materials, fine china brushes, colors, etc., in the south. Price reduced to order. Wedding presents to order at 24 hours notice. Write for circular.

**H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO.,**  
ARCHITECTS  
25 Peachtree Street.

**COTTON AND WEATHER**  
Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 9 1/2; New York at 9 1/2; in Atlanta at 9 1/2.

Daily Weather Report.  
OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.,  
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, October 27, 10:31 P.M.  
All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

| NAME OF STATION | Barometer | Thermometer | Wind | Direction | Force | Remarks |
|-----------------|-----------|-------------|------|-----------|-------|---------|
| Atlanta         | 30.24     | 68          | E    | Fresh     | 00    | Cloudy  |
| Augusta         | 30.28     | 68          | E    | Light     | 00    | Cloudy  |
| 27 West         | 30.17     | 68          | E    | Brisk     | 00    | Cloudy  |
| Savannah        | 30.25     | 68          | E    | Light     | 00    | Fair    |

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.  
Time of observation, 8:30 A.M.  
Barometer, 30.24; Thermometer, 68; Wind, E; Force, Fresh; Direction, 00; Remarks, Cloudy.

Barometer, 30.28; Thermometer, 68; Wind, E; Force, Light; Direction, 00; Remarks, Cloudy.

Barometer, 30.17; Thermometer, 68; Wind, E; Force, Brisk; Direction, 00; Remarks, Cloudy.

Barometer, 30.25; Thermometer, 68; Wind, E; Force, Light; Direction, 00; Remarks, Fair.

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## MOTES

### AT THE STATE FAIR!

#### Carbon and Crayon PORTRAITS!

My Cincinnati Prize Exhibit together with a fine display of

will be on exhibition at the fair this week. Visitors to the fair will please examine them.

C. W. MOTES.

**DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,**  
Spot Cash.

Mr. Newspaper Man, use your bold type in this advertisement and put it prominent, for we want the people to know that we are selling Blankets, Comforts and Knit Underwear cheaper than any house in this country, and we make no apology for doing so.

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## MENS' SUITS!

### CHILDRE

#### In-Every Variety o

#### OUR STOCK IS COMPL

For those in search of the finest our Tailoring Department continues

**HIRSCH**

**CLOTHIERS**

42 and 44 WHITE

Our Fall Stoc

FOR MEN,

CHILDREN IS N

The Finest Goo

THE BES

The Low

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

Muse &

38 WHITEHALL ST.

Steam Engine

COTTON

COTTON GINS CANE MI

Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Roller Lumber Gages,

STEAM PUMPS, IRON PI

ENGINE FITTINGS

GENERAL MACHINE W

All makes of Engine and Boiler Repairing &

**A. B. FARQU**

CENTRAL CITY IRON

IRON TRE

Wire and Ir

WIRE WORK O

Gate City

59 Marietta Street

**PAUL**

WHOLESALE LI

22 ALABAMA

Carries

Old Baker and

WHIS

Imported Brandies, Gins, Sher

Sec, VeClicquot, Monopo

Champ

**French**

APOLLINARIS WA

AN

**FINE TABL**

BASS BURKE'S ALE,

MILLINERY!

SUCCESS!

**M. KUTZ, 49**

The leading and largest exclusive Millinery

On account of the great success of my Millinery

the public and my patrons, I will continue it for

Hats in all shapes and colors at the remarkably

**75 CENTS.**

The same quality goods sold elsewhere for

**\$1.25** A

The same quality of Felt trimmed with velvet

**\$1.00**

These hats must be seen to be appreciated, as

**\$2.00** an

I will also offer for the coming week 799 dozen

1,400 dozen Canton Straw Hats in all shapes at 20

## BOYS' SUITS!

### N'S SUITS!

#### f-Style and Price!

#### ETE IN EVERY DETAIL.

goods, made up in the best manner, to be the center of attraction.

**HIRSCH**

**BROS.**

& TAILORS.

EMALL STREET.

k of Clothing

BOYS AND

OW COMPLETE!

ds!

T STYLES!

est Prices!

AT POPULAR PRICES.

**S w i f t.**

Presses,

LLS SYRUP KETTLES

Mill Gearing, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers,

PE AND PIPE FITTINGS,

AND BRASS GOODS.

ORK PROMPTLY DONE

Specialty. Try us. Satisfaction guaranteed.

**HAR & CO.,**

WORKS, MACON, GA.

**E GUARDS.**

on Railing.

WIRE WORK O

F ALL KINDS.

Wire Works,

t, Atlanta, Ga.

**JONES,**

QUOR DEALER,

A STREET,

In Stock

Monongahela

**KIES,**

ry and Port Wines, Pommery

le, G. H. Mumms & Co.

agnes,

**Liqueurs.**

TER,

GOSTURA BITTERS,

**E CLARETS**

GUINNESS STOUT.

**MILLINERY!**

SUCCESS!

**Whitehall St.**

house of the south.

sale of the past two weeks and for the benefit of

one week more, and will offer a large lot of Felt

low figure of

**75 CENTS.**

The same quality goods sold elsewhere for

**\$1.50.**

and ribbon for

**\$1.00**

they are worth fully

**\$2.50.**

Milan Hats, in all shapes and colors, at 65 cents,

at 25 cents.

## Wesleyan Fe

### MAON,

#### THE 47TH ANNUAL SESSION BEGINS OCTO

South. All modern conveniences. Best advan

tion to health and comfort of pupils. Moderate

**MEANS HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.**

76 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Georgia.

INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL.

For circulars, address

**Augusta Female Seminary.**

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

**MRS. MARY J. BALDWIN, PRINCIPAL, OPENS**

September 24; Closes June 1885. Unsurpassed

in its location; in its buildings and grounds; in its

general appointments and sanitary arrangements;

its full corps of superior and experienced teachers;

its unrivaled advantages in

Music, Modern Languages, Elocution, Piano Art.

Physical culture and instruction in the theory

and practice of book-keeping. The sub

stantial efforts made to secure

comfort and happiness. Its opposition to

extraneousness, its standard of scholarship.

For full particulars apply to the principal for cata

logues.

**LAW SCHOOL**

—OF—

WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY

Gen. G. W. C. LEE, President.

INSTRUCTION BY TEXT BOOKS AND PRINTED

Lectures, with courses of lectures on special